Materials Microcharacterization Collaboratory http://tpm.amc.anl.gov/MMC

Security & Remote Operation of Microscopes and Beamlines March 18, 1998

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The MMC Environment

- The MMC includes five different resource centers (microscopes + beam lines)
- The user community is distributed through the U.S. and abroad
- Users require high-bandwidth, secure access but may not be able to buy much equipment or software
- Nestor Zaluzec conducted a microscopy list server user survey...











Demographics of Prospective Users

Organization	Edu 51%	Com 24%	Gov 19%	Org 3%	Individuals 3%	
Location	USA 67%	Rest of the Wo	rld			
Platform:	World Wide	USA Only		Operating Systems		
PC Based	<mark>293 (47%)</mark>	206 (41%)	Win 9	5 (~98%),Win N	VT(<1%),	
			Win 3	.1(<1%)OS/2 (<	1%)	
Mac Based	279 (45%)	251 (49%)	Mac (OS V 7.5xx (100%)	6)	
Unix Based						
SUN	<mark>36 (~6%)</mark>	32 (~6%)	Solari	S		
			Note:	2 sites account fo	or 20 systems!	
SGI	10 (~2%)	9 (~2%)	SGI			
IBM RS	<mark>6(~1%)</mark>	6(~1%)	not sp	ecified		
DEC	2 (<1%)	2 (<1%)	not sp	ecified		
HP	1(<<1%)	1(<<1%)	not sp	ecified		
NEXT	1(<<1%)	1(<<1%)	Next			
Total CPU's	628	508				











Demographics of Prospective Users

	Edu	Com	Gov	Org	Individuals	
Organization	51%	24%	19%	3%	3%	
(first 100 sites)						
	USA		Rest of th	e World	Totals	
Location	67%		339	%	100%	
CPU's	508 (81%)		120 (1	9%)	628 (100%)	
	Modem	ISDN	≥ T 1	SiteWide (Sp	oeed Unknown)	
Internet	13(13%)	7(7%)	28(28%) 51(52%)		<mark>52%)</mark>	
Connection					<u> </u>	
		Yes	No or Unknown			
Firewall		26% 74%				
On-Site						
	CuSee	Intel ProShare	PicTel	Vic/Vat	All Others	
	Me					
Video	<u>17</u>	<u>3</u>	<mark>3</mark>		3	
Conferencing						
	NetScape		MicroSoft IE		All Others	



Browser





(some sites run multiple types of browsers hence totals exceed 100%)

12%





Cross-platform is required

- From the survey (~1 year old), almost all users have Macs or PCs. A new survey is in progress and we suspect that more now use PCs.
- A manufacturer survey at the Cleveland microscopy show revealed that they were all switching to Windows NT for microscope control.
- Unix-based solutions will not suffice.











Security and networking

With million-\$ instruments on line, security is a necessity.

- Fast, transparent encryption
- Secure multicast for conferencing and group collaboration
- Accurate and fast knowledge of who is accessing our devices from across the net

Certificates are the key to achieving above











Certificate requirements

- Fast access to certificate servers
 - Certificates must be checked
- Policy engines must check authorization
- Reliability. If the servers are not up, the user is denied access.

There can a significant amount of overhead to set up a circuit for a short transaction.

http://mmc.epm.ornl.gov/~jar/MMCCerts.html











Implementation approaches (1)

After much soul-searching, we have decided that it is impossible to do everything via Webbased access.

- Legacy equipment may not have the necessary hooks
- Existing software is highly integrated, has complicated GUI interfaces which would be lost. E.g., click on image to move or zoom. Why reinvent the wheel?



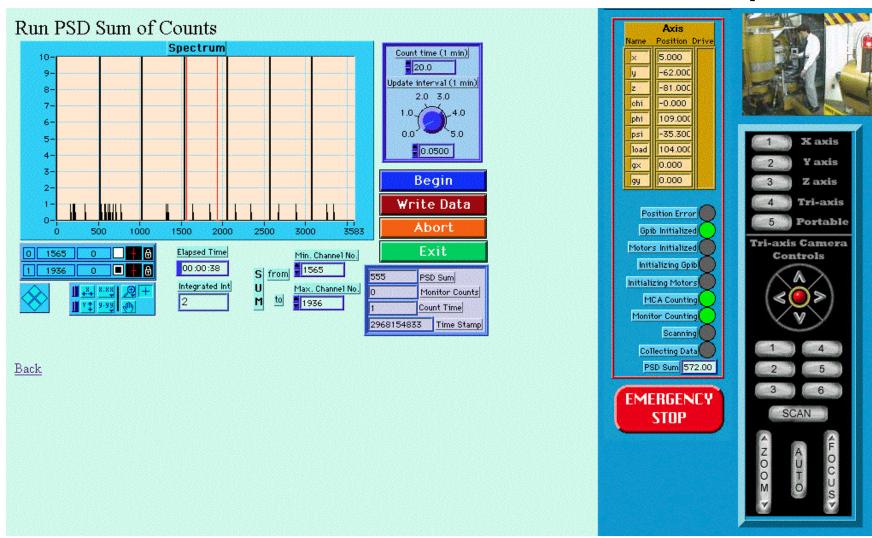








Beamlines are not microscopes













Implementation approaches (2)

Remote control programs (e.g., Timbuktu, PC Anywhere 32) work for some systems, but,

- Encryption methods proprietary
- If the bitmap microscope image is part of the transmission, it chokes because none of the remote access programs know how to compress it enough
- No hooks for our security authentication



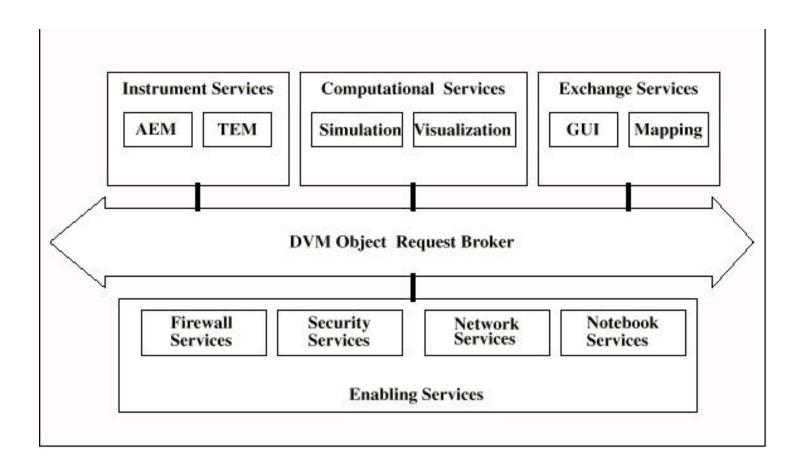








Implementation approaches (3)





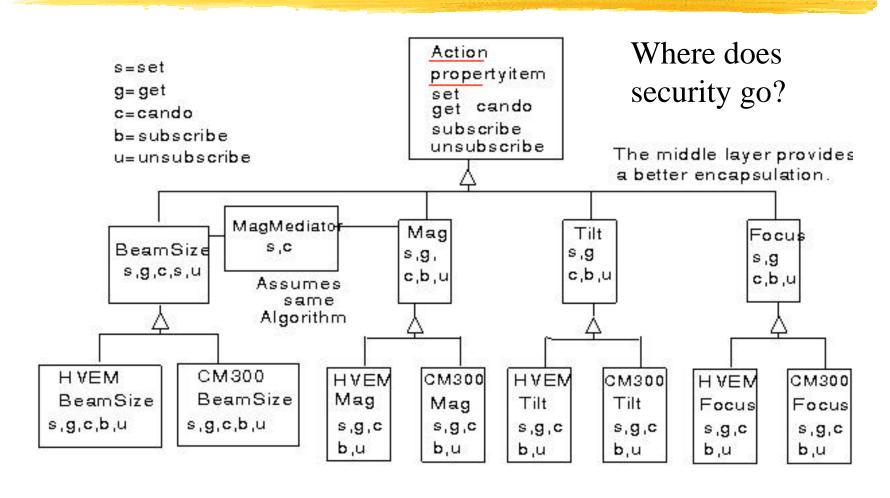








Total system approach (LBNL)













A multipronged security solution

- Certificates will be used to identify the user and to do basic role-based access (RBAC).
- The user and his role will be sent to the applications controlled by the server as policy engine input.
- We hope to enable authorization certificates
- Working with manufacturers to provide glue between the control API and the hardware









